

# MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup>

## Mains Decoupling Protection Relay

Comprehensive Guide

SW version 1.4, January 2013



## Installation and Operation Guide Application Guide Reference Guide



# Purpose of the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> manuals

## ***Installation and Operation Guide***

---

The [Installation and Operation Guide](#) serves for the personnel providing installation of the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit. It contains wiring and setting instructions needed for service and commissioning of the unit. It also contains introduction of the user interface and necessary procedures for setting and operation of the unit. Though MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is very simple and intuitive for the operating personnel, we recommend keeping one copy of this manual available permanently at the site where MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit is installed, to facilitate the necessary service and operation tasks.

## ***Application Guide***

---

The [Application Guide](#) serves for the designers and engineers, who process the necessary documentation and implementation procedures on the site, where MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is installed. It contains detailed description of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> functionalities and their practical application.

## ***Reference Guide***

---

The [Reference Guide](#) contains library of setpoints, inputs and outputs functionalities and detailed technical information. This information is referenced in the Installation and Operation Guide and Application Guide.

# MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup>

## Mains Decoupling Protection Relay

Installation and Operation Guide

SW version 1.4, January 2013



## Installation and Operation Guide



## Table of contents

Purpose of the MainsPro <sup>LITE</sup> manuals .....	2
Installation and Operation Guide.....	2
Application Guide .....	2
Reference Guide .....	2
Table of contents.....	2
Introduction .....	2
Purpose of this manual .....	2
Conformity declaration .....	3
Warnings .....	4
Installation data .....	4
Dimensions.....	5
List of terminals .....	6
MainsPro Frame.....	6
Wiring .....	7
Three phase connection .....	7
“Star” connection.....	7
“Delta” connection.....	7
Single-phase connection .....	8
Power supply .....	8
Relay outputs connection .....	9
Binary switches connection .....	9
Measurement range .....	10
Wiring examples.....	10
User interface .....	12
Control and navigation Pushbuttons - basic operation .....	12
Setpoints change: .....	12
Reset operation time.....	13
Reset trip counters.....	13
TEST mode activation .....	14
Factory default .....	14
Mechanical sealing.....	14
Signalization LEDs .....	14
Measurement screens.....	16
Alarm messages .....	17

## Introduction

Congratulations to your purchase of ComAp MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit! MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is a microprocessor-based protective relay, providing a comprehensive set of protective and supplementary functionalities. The basic protective functions are:

- Voltage
- Frequency

This covers the basic requirements for mains-decoupling (inter-tie) protection, but allows also usage in many applications where benefits of the unit’s unique functionality is needed.

### ***Purpose of this manual***

The Installation and Operation Guide serves for the personnel, providing installation of the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit. It contains wiring and setting instructions, needed for service and commissioning of the unit. It also contains introduction of the user interface and necessary procedures to perform setting and operating of the unit. Though MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is very simple and intuitive for the operating personnel,

we recommend keeping one copy of this manual available permanently at the installation site, where MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit is installed, to facilitate the necessary service and operation tasks.

## Conformity declaration

---



Following described machine complies with the appropriate basic safety and health requirement of the EC Low Voltage Directive No: 73/23 / EEC and EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 89/336 / EEC based on its design and type, as brought into circulation by us.

### VDE O126-1-1

The unit is certified to comply to the appropriate requirements of the standard DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1 (certificate ref. 44 207 11 398020, available upon request), with the following conditions:

**The conformity with the Standard DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1, chapter 4.1/ 6.1, which is declared in the certificate 44 207 11 398020, requires the tolerance against one fault. In order to fulfill this functional safety requirement, a redundant architecture has to be built by the usage of two certified units.**

**It has to be ensured that each of both units is connected to an output (relay) which is capable to induce opening of the operated contactor.**

### CEI 0-21

The unit is certified to comply with the requirements of the standard CEI 0-21. The product MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> CEI 0-21 is set by default to cover the functionalities and default limits requested by this certification. In line with this certification, the output !CommTrpPer, set by default on the RE1 output of the unit, is to be used for opening the circuit breaker in the connection point between generator and the mains.

## **Warnings**

---

**Be aware that the relay outputs can change state during and after the unit setting (before the unit is used again ensure that the proper setting is done)!!!**

**Be aware that the devices connected to binary outputs of the unit may operate upon disconnection of power supply, measurement inputs and/or binary inputs!!!**

**If the device is used in other way then stated by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be corrupted.**

### **!!! CAUTION !!!**

#### ***Dangerous voltage***

In no case touch the terminals of voltage measurement!

#### ***Adjust set points***

All setpoints are pre-adjusted to their typical values. Before putting into operation, the setpoints must be checked and/or adjusted to the required values.

**Installation may be done by qualified personnel only.  
To avoid personal injury do not perform any action not specified in this guide!!!**

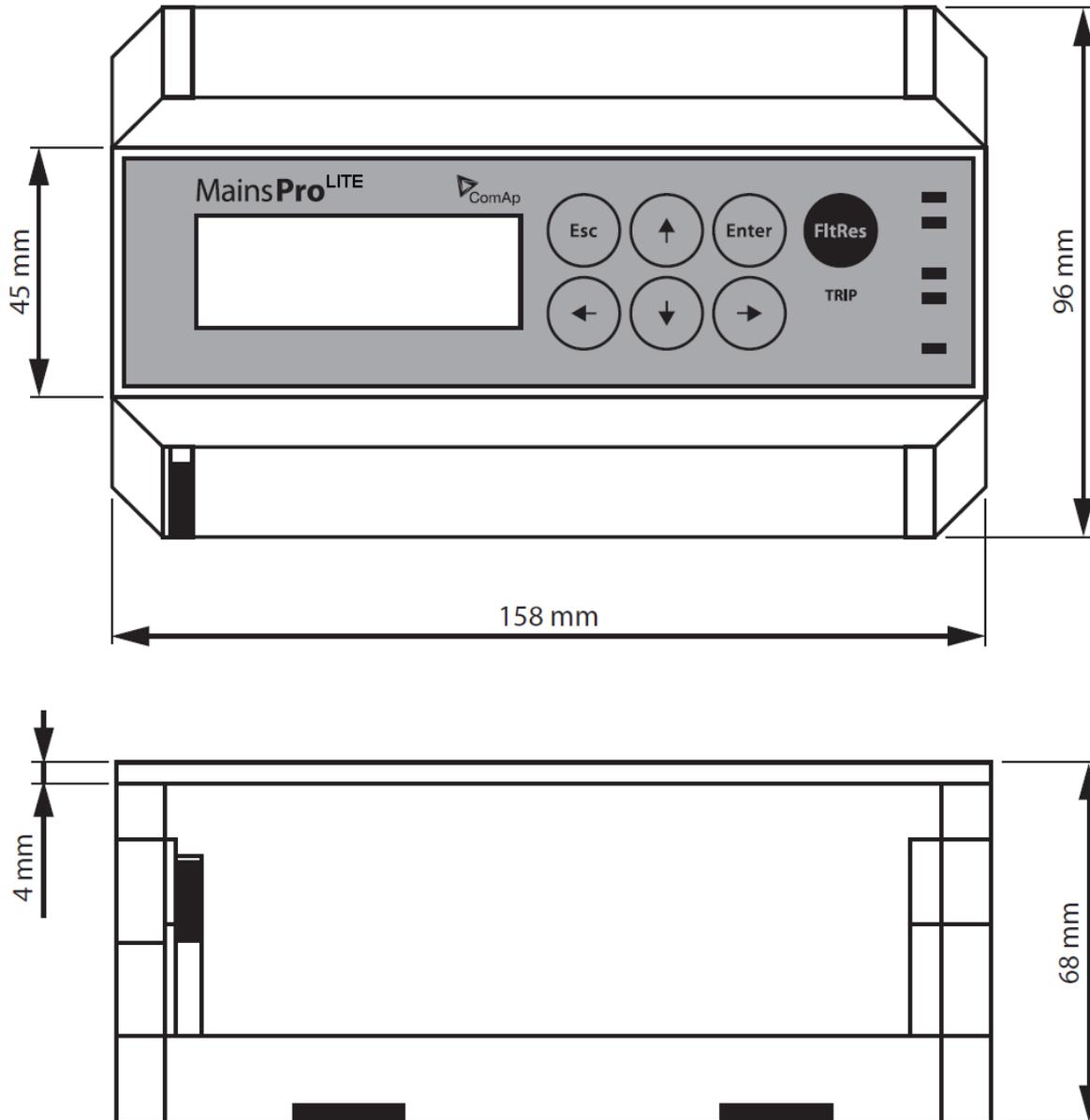
#### **Note:**

ComAp believes that all information provided herein is correct and reliable and reserves the right to update at any time. ComAp does not assume any responsibility for its use unless otherwise expressly undertaken.

# Installation data

## *Dimensions*

---



## List of terminals

---

BIC	Binary inputs – COM terminal
BI1 – BI4	Configurable binary inputs
U <sub>A</sub> 1 to 3	First set of voltage measurement terminals (U <sub>A</sub> ). Terminals U <sub>A</sub> 1 and U <sub>A</sub> 2 are internally interconnected
U <sub>B</sub> 1 to 3	Second set of voltage measurement terminals (U <sub>B</sub> ). Terminals U <sub>B</sub> 1 and U <sub>B</sub> 2 are internally interconnected
U <sub>C</sub> 1 to 3	Third set of voltage measurement terminals (U <sub>C</sub> ). Terminals U <sub>C</sub> 1 and U <sub>C</sub> 2 are internally interconnected
11, 21, 31, 41, 51	RE1-5 relay contact – common
12, 22, 32, 42, 52	RE1-5 relay contact – normally closed (during fault-free conditions maintained in open position)
14, 24, 34, 44, 54	RE1-5 relay contact – normally open (during fault-free conditions maintained in closed position)
L/+	Power supply – high range 85-265 VAC / 110 – 370 VDC
+	Power supply – low range 8 – 40 VDC. Connect “+” pole to this terminal
N/-	Common terminal for power supply. In case of DC supply, connect “-“ pole to this terminal

## MainsPro Frame

---

[MainsPro Frame](#) is a MainsPro and MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> accessory product, allowing door-mounting of the unit, direct access to the keyboard and the screen without opening the switchboard, and additional shielding (IP 55) for the front panel. The frame size is 230x180x34 mm.

For further details visit [http://cdn.comap.cz/files/other/Ramecek\\_MainsPro.jpg](http://cdn.comap.cz/files/other/Ramecek_MainsPro.jpg)



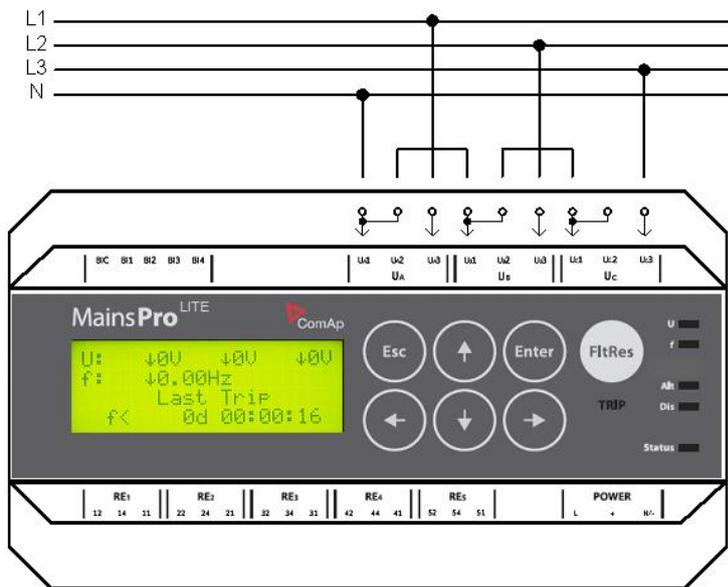
## Wiring

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is suitable for three-phase voltage and frequency measurement in low voltage systems ( $U_n = 230V$ ).

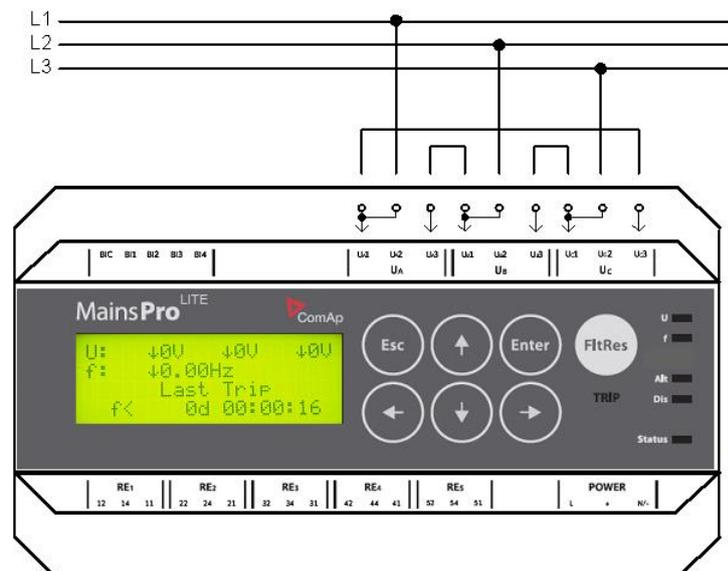
### Three phase connection

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides automatic detection of the phases connection, no additional setting is required. If it is wired in “Star”, then phase-ground voltage is measured, if it is wired in “delta”, phase-phase voltage is measured. MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides over-range to 130% of the rated voltage, i.e. 300 VAC for 230 V system with no change of measurement accuracy.

#### “Star” connection

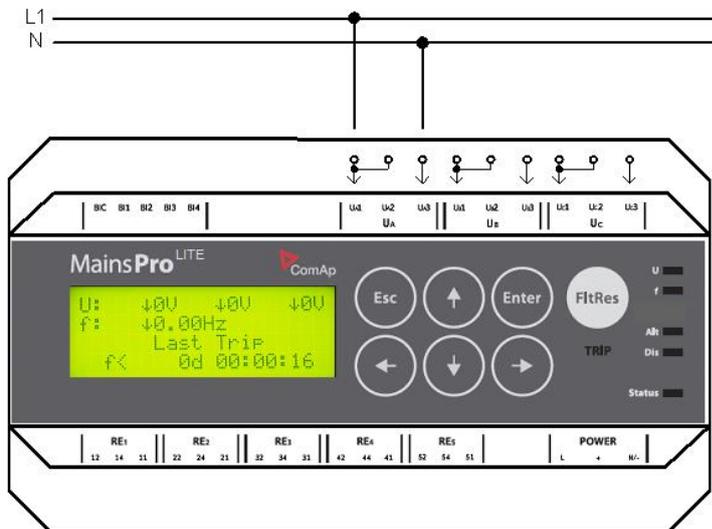


#### “Delta” connection



## Single-phase connection

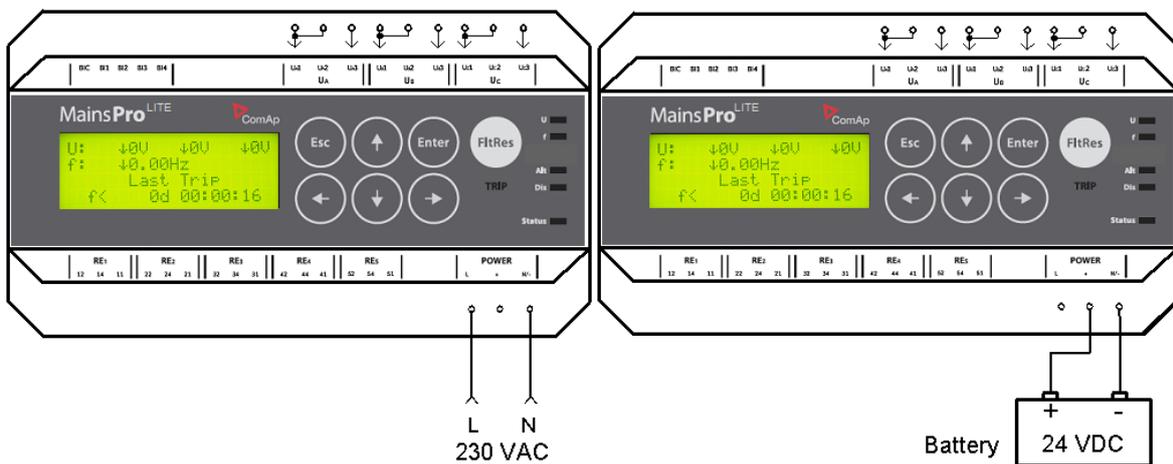
MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides support for single-phase applications. Use the U<sub>A</sub> terminals to connect the measured voltage to the unit and set the setpoint [Basic: System](#) to 1ph.



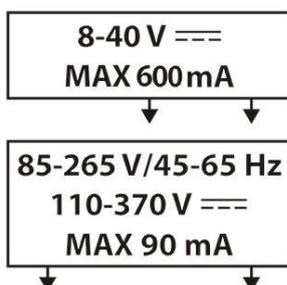
## Power supply

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides set of 3 terminals for the purpose of dual power supply range:

- 8 - 40 VDC: use the terminals + and N/-
- 85 - 265 VAC / 110-370 VDC: use the terminals L/+and N/-
- 



For proper connection of the power supply, see also the printed sign on the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit:



### Requirements for power supply connections:

The unit is suitable for permanent connection to the power supply. The power supply circuits must have sufficient current withstand, corresponding to the appropriate power supply range and comply with the standards relevant for the installation.

#### Note:

External power supply is recommended in order to avoid excess of allowed supply voltage (256Vrms, respectively 370V of peak value including dc offset).

Please be aware that not all power meters can detect the supply voltage including the dc component!

The difference between power supply voltage and measured voltage must not exceed 1kV (peak-to-peak), otherwise external power supply with appropriate voltage withstand is recommended to use. For isolated, ungrounded systems is external, galvanically isolated power supply recommended in all cases.

### Requirements for power supply disconnecting device:

In case of power supply from AC voltage, the unit must be equipped by circuit breaker or contactor, marked as disconnecting device in accordance with the EN 61010-1 standard.

#### Note:

The power supply circuit 8-40 VDC is internally interconnected with the supply circuit 85-265 VAC. In case of operation with both power supply terminals connected, keep in mind, that a failure of insulation in the AC power supply may cause propagation of AC voltage into the circuits of low safe DC voltage, due to galvanic interconnection of both circuits!

## Relay outputs connection

For safety purposes, all MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> relay outputs use the inverse logic for failure trips and signalling. This means that in case of fault-free state all contacts are kept in energized position. In trip or out-of-range signalling state, the contacts de-energize. In case of power-supply fail, the unit automatically moves to fault-signalling by de-energizing the output relays, assuring safety disconnection of the controlled devices. These outputs are marked with an exclamation mark (i.e. **!CommTrpPer**).

However, the outputs can be set to normal logic which means, that in fault-free state all contacts are kept in de-energized position. In trip or out-of-range signalling state, the contacts energize. These outputs are without exclamation mark (i.e. **CommTrpPer**).

Relay outputs in MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> are freely assignable by the setpoints f(RE).

- In default configuration, RE1 serves as the permanently energized common trip output contact (**!CommTrpPer**). Use this contact to operate the connector devices with permanently energized inputs.
- In default configuration, RE2 serves as an impulse common trip contact (**CommTrpImp**). Use this contact to operate e.g. opening or UV coil of circuit breakers.
- Remaining 3 relay outputs serve for signalling of any sensed failure.
- The arrangement of RE1 to 4 outputs in default configuration corresponds to the functionality of the previous NPU-FUV unit outputs.

## Binary switches connection

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides 4 galvanically isolated binary switches with configurable functionality. These inputs allow connection of any voltage free contact between the common terminal BIC and the appropriate functional contact (BI2 – BI4).

Particular functions (External Trip, Fault Reset, Alternative settings, Disable, CB Feedback) are freely assignable by setpoint in [Basic: f\(BI\)](#).

For full description see chapter "[Library of binary switches](#)".

## Measurement range

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides voltage measurement of

- 230 V - in case of "star" connection of the 3-phase system using nominal 230V phase to neutral. It may be also used for single-phase applications 230V phase to neutral. Overshoot by 30% up to 300V is possible for this measurement range.
- 400 V - this range applies in case of "delta" connection of the 3-phase system using nominal 400V phase to phase. Overshoot by 30% up to 520V is possible for this measurement range.

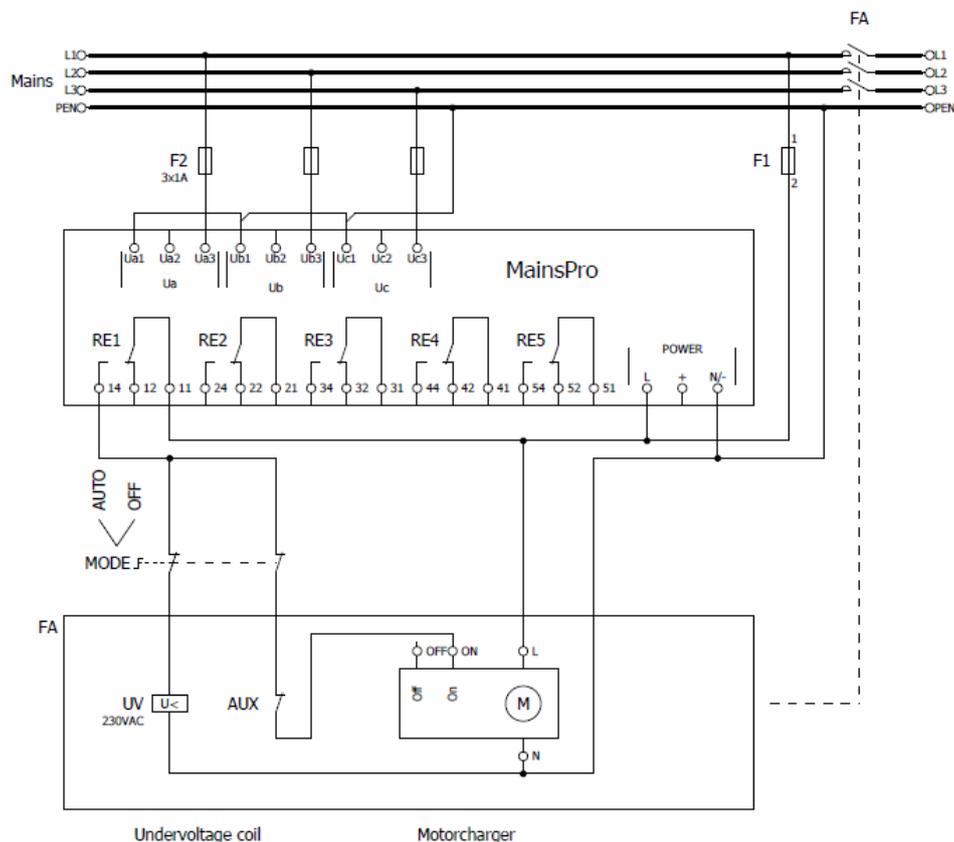
## Wiring examples

This chapter provides examples of possible wiring of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> which can be used as a preparation concept of wiring scheme.

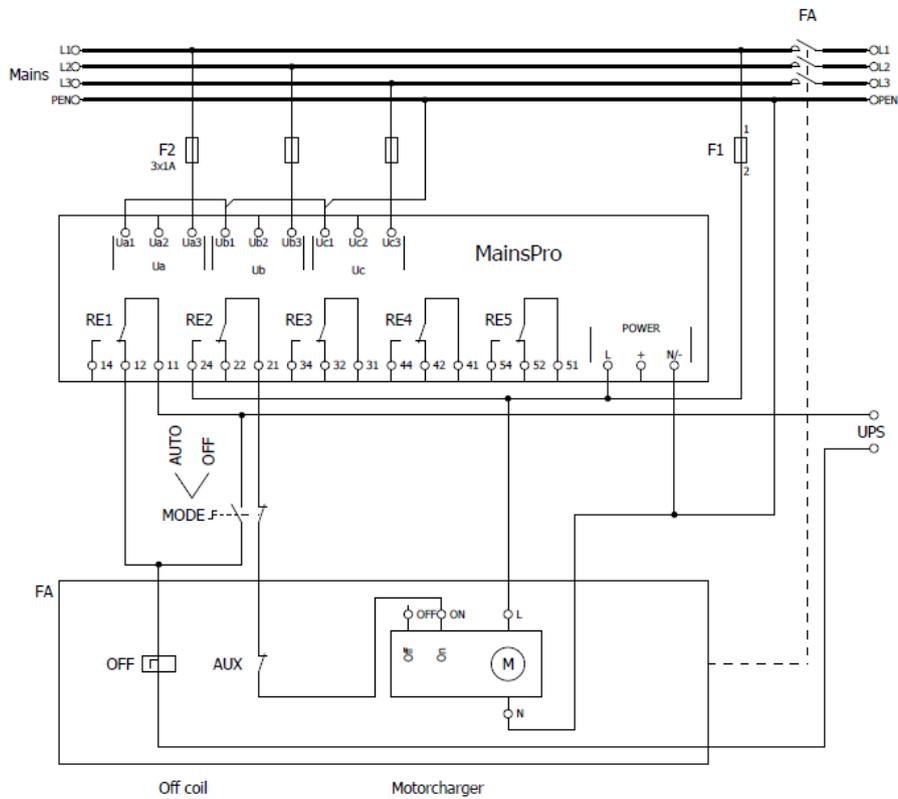
*Note:*

ComAp bears no responsibility of functionality of the solution where these concepts are applied.

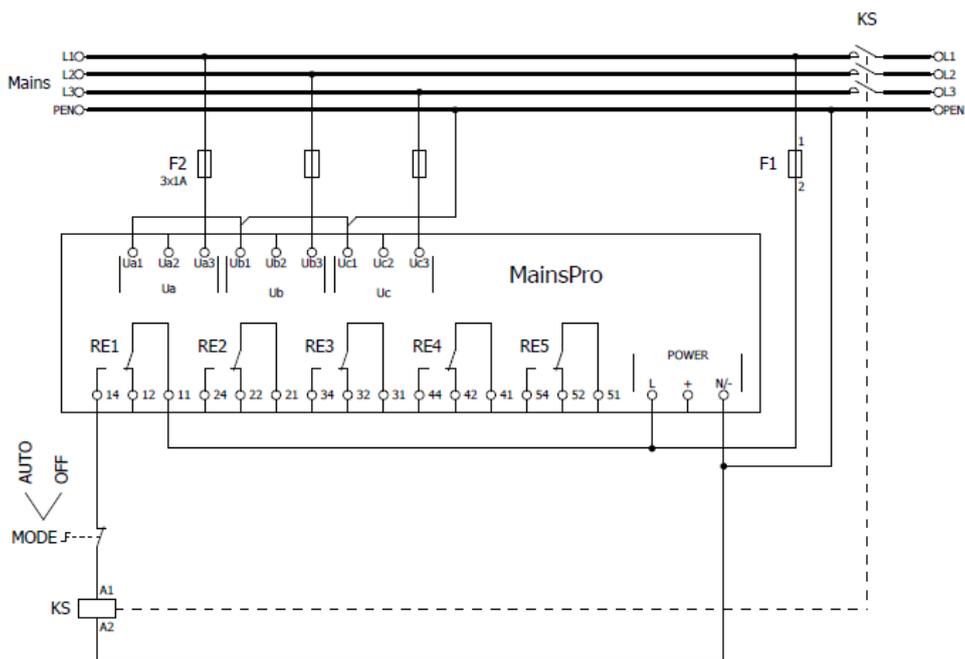
1. Under normal conditions the undervoltage coil is powered. In case of fault, the voltage is lost and the breaker undervoltage coil opens.



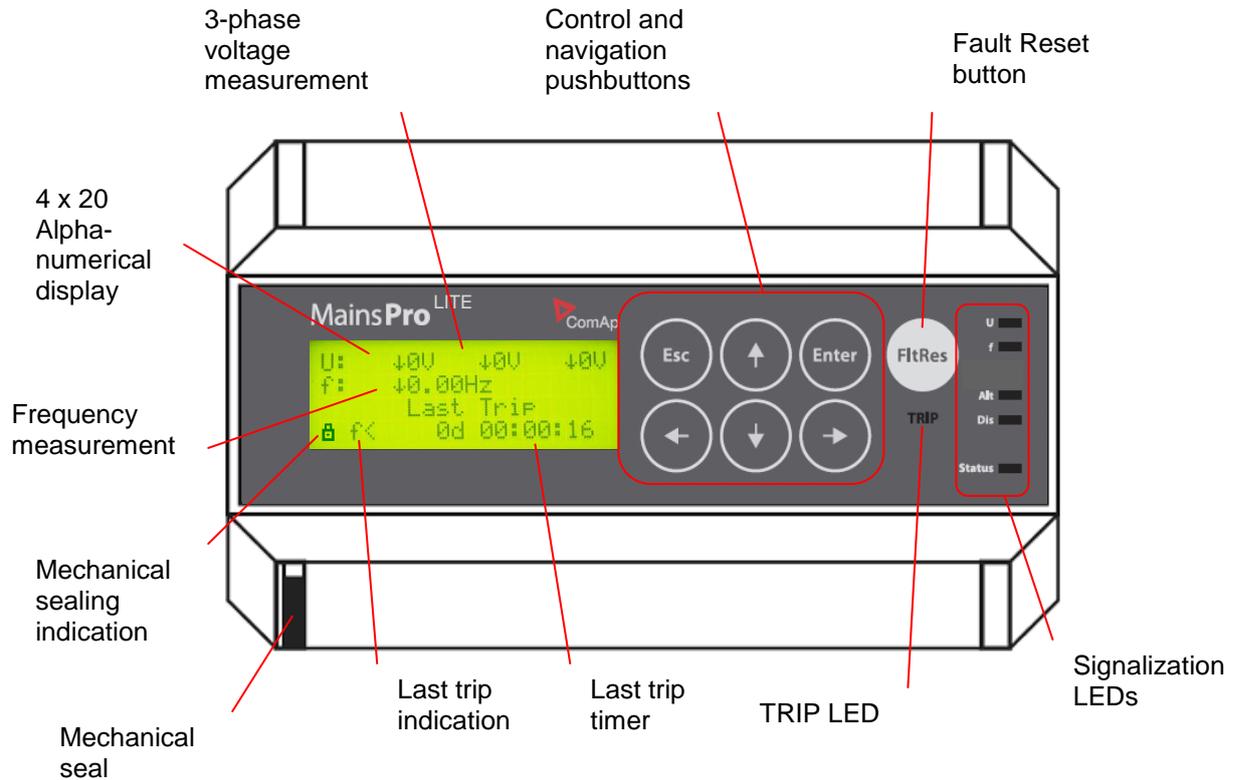
- Under normal conditions the Off coil is not powered and contacts are open. In case of failure, the contacts (12) close and the voltage is applied on the Off coil, therefore auxiliary power supply (e.g. UPS) is necessary to provide voltage for the Off coil.



- Under normal conditions the contacts are closed, in case of failure the contacts open. This wiring is typically used for coil driven contactors.



# User interface



## Control and navigation Pushbuttons - basic operation

- In the measurement screens, use the  and  arrow buttons to browse through the measured values as displayed on the 4x20 alphanumeric display. See the chapter [Measurement screens](#) to get the basic orientation.
- To enter the setpoints menu, push the  button. For setpoints change, see the following chapter.
- To enter the init screen, to [reset the operation time](#) of the unit, perform [factory default reset](#), [reset statistics](#) or [enter the Test mode](#), push the  and  at the same time. Together with the init screen display, the unit performs lamp test by simultaneous cycling of all LEDs through all indication colours.
- For confirmation of any value change or query, use the  button.
- For leaving any value change or query screen without change, use  button.
- From any screen, press and hold the  button for 2 seconds to return back to the main measurement screen (homepage).

## Setpoints change:

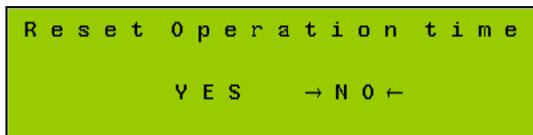
1. Push the  button to open the setpoints menu.
2. By buttons  and  browse through the menu. The setpoint groups are displayed in the cycling order, i.e. from the last setpoint group by button , the cursor moves to the first group and vice versa.

- By button  or , enter the setpoint group, by button , move one level up in the setpoint tree. The setpoints are displayed in the cycling order, i.e. from the last setpoint by button , the cursor moves to the first one and vice versa.
- If standing on a setpoint, the setpoint change screen opens by pressing  or . In the screen, see the setpoint limits at the lowest row of the screen.
- The change is done by orders, starting from the least important digit. Use the buttons  and  to move between the digits. Use the buttons  and  to edit the digit. Please note, that the value is not limited by the parameters limits during editing, but if an out-of-limits value is set-up, it will not be allowed to store in the unit memory (the change may not be confirmed).
- After the setpoint change is done, press  to confirm the set value, or  to leave the setpoint change screen without saving the changes.

**Please note:** the unit allows mechanical sealing of the setpoints by the black switch in left-bottom corner of the unit. If locked, the icon of closed padlock will appear on the position of setpoint change and the setpoints may not be changed. Also, the padlock icon will be seen on the "homepage" measurement screen. Once the setpoint change screen is entered and afterwards the sealing position is changed, the padlock indication is not changed, but the internal lock is applied immediately.

## Reset operation time

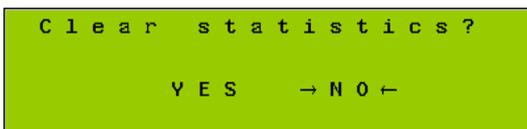
- Enter the init screen, by pushing the  and  at the same time.
- Press  to enter the Reset Oper.Time? screen:



- Using  and  do your selection. By selecting YES, "Operation Time" timer will be reset, and the last five events will be deleted. Press  to confirm your selection.
- By selecting NO and pressing  or by pressing , return to the measurement screens with no change.

## Reset trip counters

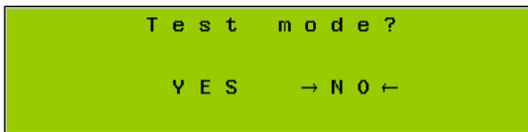
- Enter the init screen, by pushing the  and  at the same time.
- Press  to enter the Clear Statistics dialog screen:



- Using  and  do your selection. By selecting YES, all trip counters will be reset. Press  to confirm your selection.
- By selecting NO and pressing  or by pressing , return to the measurement screens with no change.

## TEST mode activation

1. Enter the init screen, by pushing the  and  at the same time.
2. Press  and  to enter the Test mode activation screen:

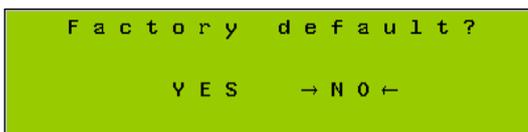


3. Using  and  do your selection. By selecting YES, you will activate the TEST mode - see the chapter [TEST mode](#) in Application Guide. Press  to confirm your selection.
4. By selecting NO and pressing  or by pressing , return to the measurement screens with no change.

## Factory default

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> contains a default set of all setpoints, which corresponds to the typical requirement of distribution network operator in some countries.

1. Enter the init screen, by pushing the  and  at the same time.
2. Press  and  to enter the Factory default activation screen:



3. Using  and  do your selection. By selecting YES, you will return all previously done setting to the default values. **Please note that by this selection, you will loose all setting done prior to this operation!** Press  to confirm your selection.
4. By selecting NO and pressing  or by pressing , return to the measurement screens with no change.

## Mechanical sealing

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> allows to mechanically prevent the setting changes by securing the mechanical seal in locked position by sealing wire. The locked position is indicated at the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> side-print and on the alphanumerical display.

## Signalization LEDs

- There are 6 LEDs for indication of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> status with the meaning indicated in the table below:
- In case of signalling different statuses by one LED, the following priorities apply, i.e. the higher priority signal is provided by the LED:
  1. Red flashing
  2. Red
  3. Orange flashing
  4. Orange
  5. Green
- **Please note:** the U and f signalization is immediate at detection of fault conditions, regardless of the set delay for the unit trip. After the conditions get back to the fault-free state, the LEDs may move back to green colour, regardless of whether the unit is currently in TRIP status.

- TRIP signalization is delayed according to the particular delay of the appropriate protective stage.

Meaning of signalling LEDs		
LED	Colour	Meaning
TRIP	Red	The unit has the appropriate outputs in TRIP position and the unit is sensing a fault situation
	Red flashing	The unit has the appropriate outputs in TRIP position, but the unit is sensing fault-free situation. Fault reset is possible.
	Nothing	The unit has no output in TRIP position
U	Red flashing	Voltage of any phase is above threshold for 1st or 2nd stage overvoltage
	Red	Voltage of any phase is under threshold for 1st or 2nd stage undervoltage
	Orange flashing	Voltage unbalance (amplitude) is indicated.
		If activated together with LED f indicates incorrect phase rotation
	Orange	Negative sequence overvoltage or Positive sequence undervoltage is indicated.
		If activated together with LED f indicates incorrect polarity of one phase
	Green	All voltages are in fault-free state
	Green flashing	<a href="#">10 minutes floating average overvoltage</a> is detected
Nothing	Over/under voltage protections are not enabled by setpoint and no other voltage failure is sensed	
f	Red flashing	Frequency as sensed on terminals Ua is above threshold for 1st or 2nd stage overfrequency
	Red	Frequency as sensed on terminals Ua is under threshold for 1st or 2nd stage underfrequency
	Orange flashing	Together with LED U indicates incorrect phase rotation
	Orange	Together with LED U indicates incorrect polarity of one phase
	Green	Frequency, rotation and phases polarity are in fault-free state
	Nothing	Over/under frequency is protections are not enabled by setpoint and no other indicated failure is sensed
Status	Red flashing	Indication of severe internal failure. Contact ComAp technical support!
	Orange flashing	Indication of internal failure. Contact ComAp technical support!
	Orange	Indication of internal failure. Contact ComAp technical support!
	Green	The unit is in operation with no internal problems.
	Nothing	The unit is not in operation
Alt	Orange	The function Alternative setting is activated by means of binary switch Alt setting.
	Nothing	The function Alternative setting is not activated
Dis	Orange	The unit is disabled by means of binary switch Disable
	Nothing	The unit is not disabled by means of binary switch Disable

## Measurement screens

Following are the examples of the measurement screens, showing values measured and evaluated by the unit:

<p>Main measurement screen (homepage), 3-phase application:</p> <pre> U :        0 V        0 V        0 V f :        0 . 0 0 H z           Last Trip           - - - - - d - - : - -         </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- U: measured voltages on terminal sets Ua, Ub and Uc. If overvoltage or undervoltage is detected on a particular phase, arrow symbol is displayed left of the particular voltage value.</li> <li>- f: measured frequency on terminal set Ua. If overfrequency or underfrequency is detected, arrow symbol is displayed left of the frequency value.</li> <li>- Last Trip: indication of the latest event, which caused <a href="#">trip</a> by the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit. See the following chapter for trip messages explanation.</li> </ul>
<p>Main measurement screen (homepage), 1-phase application (setpoint <a href="#">System</a> set to 1ph):</p> <pre> U :        0 V f :        0 . 0 0 H z           Last Trip           - - - - - d - - : - -         </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- U: measured voltage on terminal set Ua. If overvoltage or undervoltage is detected, arrow symbol is displayed left of the voltage value.</li> <li>- f: measured frequency on terminal set Ua. If overfrequency or underfrequency is detected, arrow symbol is displayed left of the frequency value.</li> <li>- Last trip: indication of the latest event, that caused <a href="#">trip</a> by the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit</li> </ul>
<p>Voltage asymmetry measurement screen:</p> <pre> V a s y m e t r y      0 V         </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- V asymmetry: actual value of asymmetry of effective values measured on terminals Ua, Ub, Uc</li> </ul>
<p>Binary switches status screen:</p> <pre> F a u l t   r e s e t      I A l t   s e t t i n g s    ( I )         </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- List of the assigned binary switches. Functions that are configured are displayed in the appropriate order. Its status is displayed in brackets.</li> </ul>
<p>Relay outputs 1-4 status screen:</p> <pre> R E 1 ( C o m m T r p P e r )      0 R E 2 ( C o m m T r p I m p )      I R E 3 ( C o m m S i g I m p )      I R E 4 ( C o m m S i g D e l )      0         </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Status of the first 4 MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> relay outputs. Name in parenthesis marks the function assigned by the setpoints in group <a href="#">f(RE)</a>.</li> </ul>
<p>Relay output 5 status screen:</p> <pre> R E 5 ( U   S i g )      0         </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Status of the 5th MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> relay output. Name in parenthesis marks the function assigned by the setpoints in group <a href="#">f(RE)</a>.</li> </ul>
<p>Trip counters and indication screen:</p> <pre> L a s t   T r i p   :   - T r i p   C n t     :   0 U       :   0       L O M :   0 f       :   0       0 t r :   0         </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Last Trip: indication of the latest event, which caused trip. See the following chapter for trip messages explanation.</li> <li>- TripCnt: total counter of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> <a href="#">trips</a> since the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit <a href="#">counters reset</a></li> <li>- U: counter of overvoltage and undervoltage -related <a href="#">trips</a></li> <li>- f: counter of overfrequency and underfrequency - related <a href="#">trips</a></li> <li>- LOM: counter of Loss-of-Mains - related <a href="#">trips</a> (<a href="#">Vector shift</a> and <a href="#">ROCOF</a>)</li> <li>- Otr: counter of trips with other reason then the above mentioned: <a href="#">External trip</a>, <a href="#">voltage asymmetry</a>, <a href="#">phase sequence or inverse phase polarity</a></li> </ul>

<p>Time measurement screen:</p> <pre> Operation Time   0 d      00 : 00 : 00 Last Trip   - - - d   - - : - -           </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Operation Time: time since MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> was powered up*</li> <li>- Last Trip Time: time of the latest trip since MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> was powered-up</li> </ul> <p><i>Please note that the time information on the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit is not measured by a calibrated RTC device and may serve for orientation purposes only. Find more in <a href="#">Technical data</a> chapter.</i></p>
<p>Trip history screen</p> <pre> U &lt;      - - - d   - - : - - U &lt;      - - - d   - - : - - U &lt;      - - - d   - - : - - U &lt;      - - - d   - - : - -           </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- List of last five trips - contains reason of the trip and time since the unit was powered up</li> </ul>

\*For case of power cut off, the time stamp is stored and after the unit is powered up again, the timer will start from the from following second after the last stored one.

## Alarm messages

One of these indications appears on the homepage screen in case of the unit [trip](#). It indicates the first protective stage, which issued the [trip](#) event:

f>	Overfrequency, 1st stage
f>>	Overfrequency, 2nd stage
f<	Underfrequency, 1st stage
f<<	Underfrequency, 2nd stage
U>	Overvoltage, 1st stage
U>>	Overvoltage, 2nd stage
U<	Undervoltage, 1st stage
U<<	Undervoltage, 2nd stage
Vunb	Voltage (amplitude) unbalance
Vavg	10 minutes floating average overvoltage
Rot	Wrong phase rotation
Pol	Wrong polarity of one phase
Ext	External trip
STr	Start Trip

# MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup>

## Mains Decoupling Protection Relay

Application Guide

SW version 1.4, January 2013



## Application Guide



## Table of contents

---

Table of contents.....	2
Purpose of this manual .....	3
MainsPro <sup>LITE</sup> typical usage .....	3
Typical applications of MainsPro <sup>LITE</sup> protection relay .....	3
Important Steps of MainsPro <sup>LITE</sup> utilization .....	4
TRIP and Fault Reset description .....	4
TRIP .....	5
Fault reset .....	5
Protective features .....	6
ANSI 59 Overvoltage, ANSI 27 Undervoltage .....	6
Floating 10 minutes average overvoltage .....	6
ANSI 81H Overfrequency, 81L Underfrequency .....	6
ANSI 47 Voltage unbalance and angle asymmetry .....	6
Phase rotation, incorrect phase polarity .....	6
Application tips .....	7
Automatic return to mains .....	7
Binary switches .....	7
Counters .....	8
Timer .....	8
Start trip .....	8
TEST mode.....	8

## ***Purpose of this manual***

---

The Application Guide serves for the designers and engineers, who process the necessary documentation and implementation procedures on the installation site, where MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is installed. It contains detailed description of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> functionalities its practical application.

## ***MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> typical usage***

---

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is a decoupling relay protecting operation of parallel-to-mains generators or other decentralized source of electricity connected to the distribution network. The main purpose is to prevent unwanted interaction between the generator and mains in case of its abnormal state (e.g. mains failure):

- Specific situations may occur, causing e.g. the utility network to momentarily disconnect part of the network and connect it back by automatic-recloser. During this fault-clearing period, the generators may move away from synchronism and their eventual re-connection may cause severe damage to the property of the generator operator, or to the utility equipment.
- The sole operation of a generator into an unintentionally islanded part of electricity network provides potentially dangerous situation. The load of the area may exceed the generator capacity and cause instability of the voltage, delivered to the consumers connected in the islanded area.
- Severe hazards may occur to the working personnel on the grid equipment in the area, where the mains is presumed as failed, but there are still generators delivering power into this area without central control of their operation.

These are some of the situations, leading the utilities to strictly require that any parallel connection to the mains is approved and protection devices with required protective features are installed.

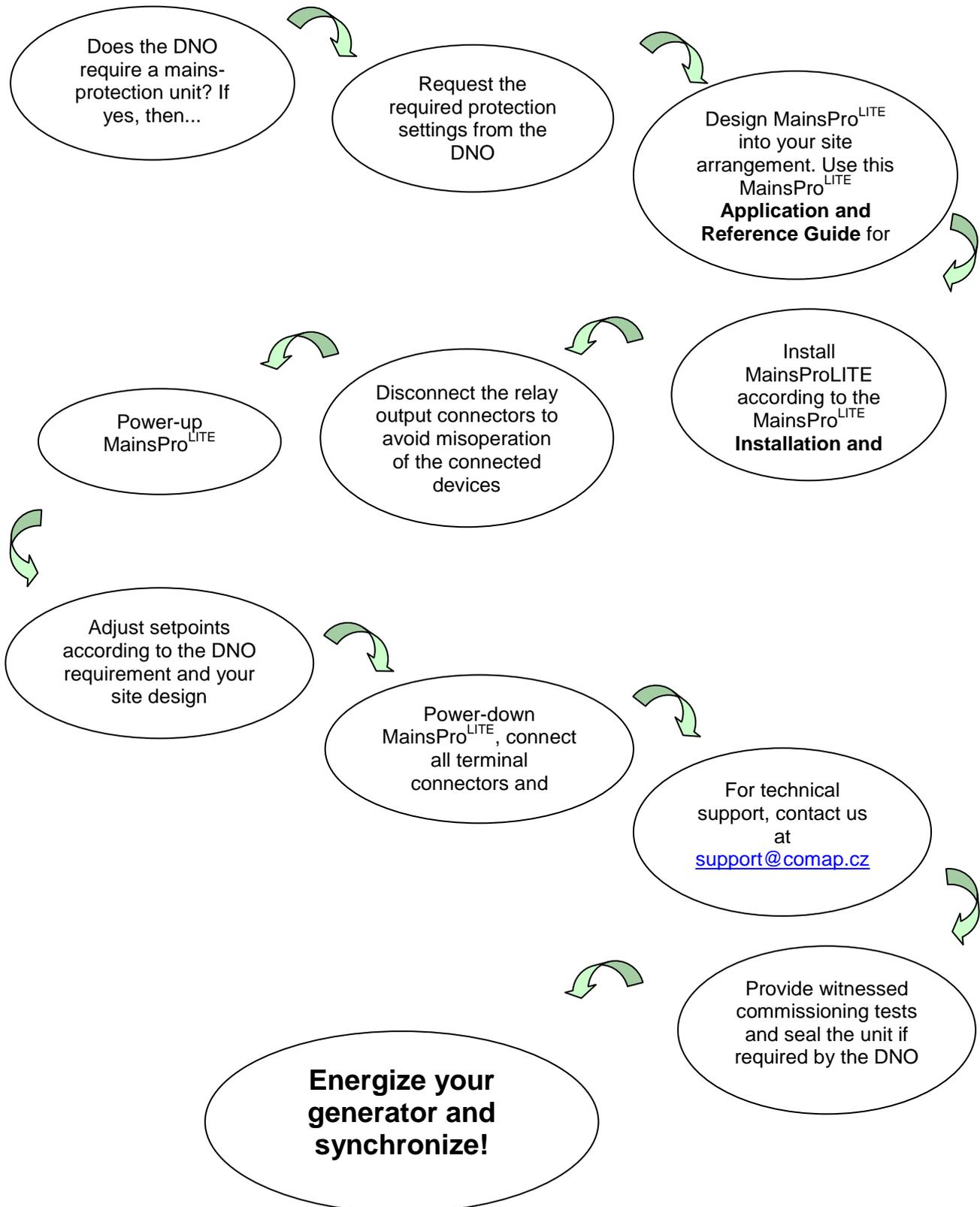
## **Typical applications of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> protection relay**

These are installations of any sources of electrical energy. For example:

- Cogeneration
- Peak-opping power stations
- Stand-by generators with soft return/short-time parallel operation with mains
- Microturbines
- Small hydro power-plant
- Photovoltaic power plant
- Windmills

## Important Steps of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> utilization

This process describes a typical decisions and technical steps to follow in case of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> utilization, if required by the distribution network operator (DNO).



## ***TRIP and Fault Reset description***

---

### **TRIP**

TRIP may be considered as event or status of the unit:

#### TRIP event:

- Starts in the moment of terminating the count-down of any protective function with delay, or in the moment of activation of any immediate protective function.
- As a result of the trip event, are e.g. the following consequences:
  - Immediate deactivation of outputs !CommTrpPer and !CommTrpImp or activation of CommTrpPer and CommTrpImp
  - LED TRIP goes to red
  - The appropriate counter in the statistics screen increments
  - The cause of the TRIP event is recorded among the last five history events
  - The Last Trip Time timer starts to count time and the last trip indication is set

#### TRIP status:

- Starts at the moment of TRIP event
- During this status, the appropriate output keeps in the fault position
- During this status, it is not possible to perform Fault reset
- TRIP status is active until a successful Fault reset. This may not be done before all measured and evaluated values are within preset limits.
- If during the TRIP status, caused by some value, another value overreached its limits for TRIP evaluation, this second overreach is not considered as TRIP. It does not cause a second TRIP event. However, as a consequence of this, the TRIP duration may be prolonged until the moment when both (all) values are within limits.
- If the BI Disable is set to ENABLED and the BI Disable is activated during this state, the TRIP status is terminated and the fault is reset.
- If the BI Disable is set to ENABLEDexl.TRP and the BI Disable is activated during this state, it will have no effect on the unit and MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> will remain in operation

### **Fault reset**

Fault reset is an event, caused by one of the following reasons:

- FltRes button is pressed
- Binary switch Fault reset is activated
- Automatic fault reset timer set by setpoint [Basic: Auto FR Del](#), has count down. The counter is started in the moment when all evaluated values are back within their limits. If during the count-down another fault status appears, the timer is reset and started no sooner than after all evaluated values are back within limits again.

The above mentioned reasons are a trigger to provide Fault reset, however, it is successfully done only in case that the TRIP status is activated and all evaluated values have returned back into limits. If the TRIP status is not activated, or it is activated, but any of the values is still out of limits, Fault reset is not done and any of the mentioned triggers is forgotten. I.e., the unit may not be „provisionally“ fault-reset.

By a successful Fault reset, the TRIP status is terminated.

## Protective features

---

The following protective functionalities, referred also by their ANSI number, are available in MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit:

### ANSI 59 Overvoltage, ANSI 27 Undervoltage

The RMS value of measured voltage is compared with the preset limit of overvoltage or undervoltage. When any of the preset limits is over/underreached, the appropriate LED signal is issued by [LED U](#) and the output [U Sig](#) moves to fault-indicating position immediately. If voltage of in the given phase keeps out of limits for the delay of the appropriate stage, [TRIP](#) is issued. As the voltage returns back within limits in all measured phases, the [LED](#) and [U Sig](#) output stop to signal the fault state immediately, regardless of whether [TRIP](#) was issued or not or [Fault reset](#) was performed or not. Both overvoltage and undervoltage protective stages provide possibility of setting 2 levels with independent delay assigned to each level.

### Floating 10 minutes average overvoltage

The unit calculates floating average of the measured voltage in each phase over 10 minutes interval. If any of the three phase values overreaches the setpoint [V<> : Avg V>](#), [TRIP](#) is issued, [LED U](#) flashes and counter of voltage disturbances is incremented. As the Last Trip record, the message "Vavg" is displayed. The protection stage is blocked for the first 10 minutes after power-up of the unit.

### ANSI 81H Overfrequency, 81L Underfrequency

The frequency value measured on phase L1 is compared with the preset limit of overfrequency or underfrequency. When any of the preset limits is over/underreached, the appropriate LED signal is issued by [LED f](#) and the output [f Sig](#) moves to fault-indicating position immediately. If the frequency keeps out of limits for the delay of the appropriate stage, [TRIP](#) is issued. As the frequency returns back within limits, the [LED](#) and [f Sig](#) output stop to signal the fault state immediately, regardless of whether [TRIP](#) was issued or not or [Fault reset](#) was performed or not.

Both overfrequency and underfrequency protective stages provide possibility of setting 2 levels with independent delay assigned to each level.

Note: MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> measures frequency on the phase L1 only, therefore frequency measurement will be distorted in case that a fault occurs in this phase.

### ANSI 47 Voltage unbalance and angle asymmetry

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides evaluation of voltage symmetry failure only in case that 3-phase system is selected by the setpoint [Basic: System](#).

#### Voltage unbalance

In further text, this term refers to the state, when amplitude difference between any 2 phases overreaches the preset limit [dU: V unb](#). I.e., it refers to the amplitude unbalance of the measured voltage.

#### Note:

If the phase L1 experience rapid voltage drop from 230V to e.g.50V, tripping times might be longer and can reach up to 100ms.

### Phase rotation, incorrect phase polarity

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides check of the phase sequence and polarity. The correct connection is indicated in the wiring instructions e.g. on MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> box or in [Wiring](#) chapter, where clockwise rotation system is expected on the mains side. It may happen, that e.g. by redesign in the mains or generator site installation, the phase rotation changes. MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> ensures in such case, that this state is indicated and it prevents incorrect closing of the circuit breaker by its standard protective functionality. To allow phase sequence or incorrect phase polarity check, the phase angle between the 3 voltage vectors is expected in range  $120^\circ \pm 30^\circ$ . If wrong phase arrangement is detected, [TRIP](#) is issued and the appropriate [LED signalization](#) is given. The reconnection of measurement terminals is necessary to ensure further proper functionality of the unit.

## Application tips

### Automatic return to mains

Some utilities require that the protection unit provides an automatic return of the generating unit back to parallel operation with mains. This automatic return usually does not happen immediately after the mains parameters are within limits, but with pre-defined time delay. For such case, the unit allows setting a time delay during which the Fault reset can be automatically performed after the set time runs out.

Appropriate setting of automatic fault reset by setpoint [Basic: Auto FR Del](#) timer allows setting the waiting time reserved for mains parameters to settle in their fault-free conditions after a [TRIP](#). This state is indicated by flashing red signal of the [TRIP LED](#). If during this time any measured value reaches out of the preset limits, MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> terminates the automatic fault reset count-down and goes back into fault indication state. The automatic fault reset is reset and started again in the moment when all measured values are back in limits again. After automatic fault reset is count down to zero, the unit performs automatic [fault reset](#) and terminates the [TRIP](#) status.

### Binary switches

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> allows basic remote operation by means of binary signals wired from an external logic to MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> binary switches. The signals may be also provided remotely, e.g. through radio or GSM communicator devices. As an example for the many similar devices on the market, see the uGATE communicator below. Ask for more information about this product at [protections@comap.cz](mailto:protections@comap.cz).



This way, MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> functionality may be simply controlled by a mobile telephone commands. All four binary switches may be enabled or disabled by the appropriate setpoints in the group Basic.

#### External trip

- In case that a specific protective function is requested and this function is not supported in MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup>, it may be provided in an external device. Wire the output of this device to [Ext binary switch](#) to allow tripping by this external device.
- Use the External trip also for forced disconnection of the generator if such command is for example evaluated in a superior system or transmitted through remote communication device.
- External trip functionality may be also used for intertripping method of protection system topology. This method is required by the mains operator for bigger generators.

#### Fault reset

- Use this switch in case that complex conditions are to be evaluated before the generator is connected back to mains. These conditions may be processed in an external system and the result may be sent to this switch.
- External fault reset may be also provided in case that locked button is used for performing the [fault reset](#) operation by authorized personnel only. In this case, MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> is to be secured inside of the locked switchboard and external fault reset only made possible.
- Remote fault reset via GSM communicator may also be a useful feature for the remote sites.

#### Alternative settings

- [Alt settings](#) binary switch may be used in case that a specific setting of the protection relay is required by the mains operator when exceptional conditions occur. After deactivation, the unit immediately switches to the default groups of setpoints.

## Disable

- The [Disable](#) switch may be used for blocking the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> protective functions, e.g. in case that the generator is not running in parallel operation with mains, or any other blocking conditions are fulfilled.

## CB Feedback

- The [CB Feedback](#) switch is used to confirm that a circuit breaker opened on a command issued by MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup>. If the CB Feedback switch is configured, some protective function is activated and a trip is issued, deactivation of this binary input is expected. If the feedback does not confirm opening of the CB, additional back-up trip [BakTrpPer](#) and [BakTrpImp](#) will be issued after adjustable time delay [Bak Trp Del](#).

## Counters

Keeping a track of the most frequent trips may provide valuable information for the generator as well as distribution network operator. Use the counters indication on the [MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> screen](#) for keeping track of the most frequent failures detected in the point of your connection. For example, in case that the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> counters show significantly higher rate of a certain failure types (e.g. overvoltage or Vector shift), it may be a good signal to perform a detailed evaluation of the voltage quality in the point of connection or start discussions with the DNO to allow for wider limits of the protection setting to minimize down-times of the generator.

## Timer

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides two time counters: since the unit power-up and since the last [TRIP](#). Use these timers for investigation of failures that were detected by MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit. Please note that MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> does not provide RTC clock and after each power-up of the unit, the time and date is lost. For this reason only indication of days / hh : mm is used. The accuracy of the time measurement may also not be fully guaranteed. During internal tests, the measurement error of 4 seconds per 24 hours was recorded.

## Start trip

The unit supports start into the [TRIP](#) state after connection of the power supply, depending on the setpoint [Basic: Start Trip](#). If this setpoint is set to ENABLED, the unit goes into the TRIP state immediately after the auxiliary power supply is turned on. If there are no failures detected by the unit measurement, it is possible to provide [Fault Reset](#) by any of the mentioned means and so to put the unit into fault-free operation. If the setpoint is set to DISABLED, the unit goes directly into the fail-free state.

The purpose of this functionality is to allow [automatic delayed return to mains](#) in case that the mains is completely lost and MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit is powered from the same mains voltage.

## TEST mode

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides a TEST mode, which enables phase-to-phase testing of 3-phase protective features by single-phase power source.

- The test mode may be activated by entering the init screen (entered by pressing the  and  at the same time). Follow by  button and then  button. This will open the Test mode activation screen.
- Select Y to enter the TEST mode.
- The voltage asymmetry protections are deactivated.
- The following functions are fix-assigned to the appropriate relay outputs, regardless of their actual assignment:
  - Comm Trp Per to RE3
  - f Sig to RE4
  - U Sig to RE5
- In TEST mode, the setpoint group TEST becomes visible. This group contains only one setpoint – „Phase“. Use this setpoint to assign to which input is the 1-phase measurement voltage source connected (U<sub>A</sub>, U<sub>B</sub> or U<sub>C</sub>).

- All relevant protections are evaluated only in that phase, which is selected:
  - If TEST/Phase = U<sub>a</sub>, the following protective functions are evaluated:
    - Overvoltage and undervoltage on the U<sub>A</sub> terminals, with dual stage setting, including the Alt parameters possibility
    - Overfrequency and underfrequency on the U<sub>A</sub> terminals, with dual stage setting, including the Alt parameters possibility
    - Loss OF Mains protections on the U<sub>A</sub> terminals, with the Alt parameters possibility
  - If TEST/Phase = U<sub>b</sub> or U<sub>c</sub>, the following protective functions are evaluated:
    - Overvoltage and undervoltage on the appropriate terminals, with dual stage setting, including the Alt parameters possibility
    - **Please note: When testing on the terminals U<sub>b</sub> and U<sub>c</sub>, it is always necessary, that the same measurement voltage as applied on terminals U<sub>b</sub> or U<sub>c</sub> is also present at the terminals U<sub>a</sub>. It is not used for testing purposes, but serves for the internal synchronization of the measurement process of the unit.**
- On the first measurement screen (homepage), the sign !!!TEST!!! is displayed in the bottom line instead of the last trip information.
- If any TRIP is performed during the TEST mode, no counters are incremented and the last trip indication and timer is not affected.
- In the TEST mode, it is possible to change setpoints, but some functionality, which is disabled in the TEST mode (e.g. voltage asymmetry setting or assignment of f(RE)) is not active.
- After return from the TEST mode, the unit goes back to its original setting including the outputs assignment and the setpoint group TEST is hidden.

**To return from the TEST mode:**

- Go to [Test mode activation](#) screen and select NO, or
- Turn the unit off and on again, or
- The unit goes back to the standard operation after 10 minutes from the last keyboard activity.

# MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup>

## Mains Decoupling Protection Relay

Reference guide

SW version 1.4, January 2013



## Reference Guide



## Table of contents

Table of contents .....	2
Purpose of this manual .....	4
Library of setpoints .....	4
Basic .....	4
System .....	4
DispT [min] .....	4
Auto FR .....	4
Auto FR Del [s] .....	4
Start Trip .....	4
Imp Len [s] .....	5
Bak Trp Del [s] .....	5
Ext .....	5
F.R. ....	5
Alt .....	5
Disable .....	5
V <>, A.V <> .....	5
V>, V>>, V<, V<<, A.V>, A.V>>, A.V<, A.V<< [V] .....	6
V> del, V>> del, V< del, V<< del [s] .....	6
Avg V> [V] .....	6
RstV>,V>> [%V>] .....	6
dU, A.dU .....	7
V unb, A.V unb [V] .....	7
dU del, A.dU del [s] .....	7
f <>, A.f <> .....	7
f>, f>>, f<, f<<, A.f>, A.f>>, A.f<, A.f<< [Hz] .....	7
f> del, f>> del, f< del, f<< del, A.f> del, A.f>> del, A.f< del, A.f<< del [s] .....	7
Rstf>,f>> [%f>] .....	7
f(BI) .....	8
f(RE) .....	8
f(RE1-5) .....	8
Library of binary switches .....	9
Ext Trip .....	9
Fault Reset .....	9
Alt Settings .....	9
Disable .....	9
CB Feedback .....	9
Library of relay outputs .....	9
CommTrpPer .....	9
!CommTrpPer .....	9
CommTrpImp .....	10
!CommTrpImp .....	10
CommSigImp .....	10
!CommSigImp .....	10
CommSigDel .....	10
!CommSigDel .....	10
U Sig .....	10
!U Sig .....	11
f Sig .....	11
!f Sig .....	11
LOM Sig .....	11
!LOM Sig .....	11
dU Sig .....	11
!dU Sig .....	12
Other Sig .....	12
!Other Sig .....	12
TrpEndImp .....	12
!TrpEndImp .....	12

InternFail .....	12
!InternFail .....	13
BakTrpPer .....	13
!BakTrpPer .....	13
BakTrpImp .....	13
!BakTrpImp .....	13
Technical data .....	13
Accuracies and reaction times .....	13
Operating area .....	13
Voltage measurement .....	14
Frequency measurement .....	15
Time delays accuracy .....	15
Technical parameters .....	15
Endurance to the power supply voltage fails .....	16
Statement of the factory default setting of MainsPro <sup>LITE</sup> unit .....	16

## ***Purpose of this manual***

---

The Reference Guide contains library of setpoints, inputs and outputs functionalities and technical data for the purpose of detailed technical information. This information is referenced in the Installation and Operation Guide and Application Guide.

# **Library of setpoints**

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides the possibility of dual setting of the protection functions setpoints. This setting may be used in case that the installation is running in exceptional conditions with different requirements for protections setting. Some groups of setpoints have their alternative setpoints identified by the same name, but with letter “A.” at the beginning (e.g. V<>, A.V<> etc.). By activating the binary switch Alt settings, the unit is immediately switched to the setting, done in the “A.xx” group. See more in the chapter [Library of binary switches](#).

## ***Basic***

---

### **System**

Selection of single-phase or three-phase application. In case of single-phase setting, the voltage on last two phases and voltage asymmetry are not measured.

3ph            the unit measures 3-phase system  
1ph            the unit measures single-phase system

Default setting: 3ph

### **DispT                    [min]**

Setting of display backlight timeout since the last button activity.

Range:            1..60 min  
0 min = OFF, display is set to permanent backlight

Default setting: 0 min

### **Auto FR**

Enabled or disables the functionality of the automatic fault reset by internal timer.

ENABLED        the functionality is enabled  
DISABLED        the functionality is disabled

Default setting: ENABLED

### **Auto FR Del            [s]**

Automatic fault reset delay. The timer starts to count in the moment when TRIP is detected, but the fault conditions are cleared. After the Auto FR del time, the Fault reset is done automatically to allow automatic reconnection.

Range:            0..6000 s  
Default setting: 0 s

### **Start Trip**

Start of the unit [into the TRIP](#) state to allow [automatic delayed return to mains](#) in case that the mains is completely lost and MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit is powered from the same mains voltage.

ENABLED        after power-up, the unit goes immediately into the TRIP state and only after successful fault reset its outputs are set to the fault-free state  
DISABLED        after power-up, all values are evaluated on the measurement inputs and depending on the measured values, the unit goes either into fault-free or TRIP state.

Default setting: DISABLED

## **Imp Len [s]**

Impulse length in case of activation of various impulse outputs of the protection. The setpoint is reverenced in the appropriate outputs description.

Range: 0..60 s

Default setting: 3 s

## **Bak Trp Del [s]**

Adjustable time period during which the BI CB Feedback is expected to deactivate. If the input does not deactivate within this time, immediate backup trip BakTrpPer or BackTrpImp is issued to open the backup circuit breaker.

Range: 0,0..10,0 s

Default setting: 0,5 s

## **Ext**

Enables or disables the functionality of the External trip binary switch.

ENABLED the binary switch is enabled

DISABLED the binary switch is disabled

Default setting: ENABLED

## **F.R.**

Enabled or disables the functionality of the Fault reset binary switch.

ENABLED the binary switch is enabled

DISABLED the binary switch is disabled

Default setting: DISABLED

## **Alt**

Enabled or disables the functionality of the Alternative settings binary switch.

ENABLED the binary switch is enabled

DISABLED the binary switch is disabled

Default setting: ENABLED

## **Disable**

Enabled or disables the functionality of the Disable binary switch.

ENABLED the binary switch is enabled

ENABLEDexITRP the binary switch is enabled only in case that the unit is not in TRIP state. If the fault was not reset after its detection, activation of the BI Disable will have no influence on the unit operation until fault reset is performed

DISABLED the binary switch is disabled

Default setting: DISABLED

## V <>, A.V <>

---

### V>, V>>, V<, V<<, A.V>, A.V>>, A.V<, A.V<< [V]

Threshold of 1st and 2nd stage overvoltage, and 1st and 2nd stage undervoltage protection, respectively.

Range: 1..999 V

0 = OFF, the appropriate stage of voltage protection is not enabled

Default setting:

- V> 460 V
- V>> 0 (OFF)
- V< 340 V
- V<< 160

**Note:**

Please note, that the indicated setting is adjusted for "[Star connection](#)" of the measured voltage, i.e. ph-to-N voltage measurement. In case of using "[Delta connection](#)", the appropriate change of the setpoints to ph-ph voltage is necessary.

### V> del, V>> del, V< del, V<< del [s]

Delay of the appropriate stage of the voltage protection.

Range: 0,00..600,00 s

Default setting:

- V> Del 0,20s
- V>> Del 2,50s
- V< Del 0,40 s
- V<< Del 0,20 s

### Avg V> [V]

Limit for [floating 10 minutes average overvoltage](#) protection.

Range: 0..34000 V

0 = OFF, the 10 minutes average overvoltage protection is not enabled

Default setting: 440 V

### RstV>,V>> [%V>]

Voltage level at which the protection activates again after a trip caused by overvoltage. The TRIP status will be terminated.

Range: 90 - 100 %V>

0 = OFF, the reset threshold is not activated

Default setting: 100 %V>

### RstV<,V<< [%V<]

Voltage level at which the protection activates again after a trip caused by undervoltage. The TRIP status will be terminated.

Range: 100 - 110 %V<

0 = OFF, the reset threshold is not activated

Default setting: 100 %V<

## ***dU, A.dU***

---

### **V unb, A.V unb [V]**

Threshold of the voltage unbalance (amplitude asymmetry). The value corresponds to the maximum difference between highest and lowest RMS phase voltage of the 3-phase system.

Range: 0..999 V

0 = OFF, the amplitude asymmetry is disabled

Default setting: 0 = OFF

### **dU del, A.dU del [s]**

Delay of the voltage unbalance (amplitude asymmetry) protection.

Range: 0,00..600,00 s

Default setting: 2,50 s

## ***f <>, A.f <>***

---

### **f>, f>>, f<, f<<, A.f>, A.f>>, A.f<, A.f<< [Hz]**

Threshold of 1st and 2nd stage overfrequency and 1st and 2nd stage underfrequency protection, respectively.

Range: 45,00..65,00 Hz

0 = OFF, the appropriate stage of frequency protection is not enabled

Default setting:

- f> 51,50 Hz
- f< 47,50 Hz
- f>>, f<< 0 (OFF)

### **f> del, f>> del, f< del, f<< del, A.f> del, A.f>> del, A.f< del, A.f<< del [s]**

Delay of the appropriate stage of the frequency protection.

Range: 0,00..600,00 s

Default setting:

- f> Del 1,00s
- f>> Del 0,10s
- f< Del 4,00 s
- f<< Del 0,10 s

### **Rstf>,f>> [%f>]**

Frequency level at which the protection activates again after a trip caused by overfrequency. The TRIP status will be terminated.

Range: 90,0 – 100,0 %f>

0 = OFF, the reset threshold is not activated

Default setting: 100,0 %f>

### **Rstf<,f<< [%f<]**

Frequency level at which the protection activates again after a trip caused by underfrequency. The TRIP status will be terminated.

Range: 100,0 - 110,0 %f<

0 = OFF, the reset threshold is not activated

Default setting: 100,0 %f<

## ***f(BI)***

---

Function assigned to the appropriate binary input. For description, see chapter [Binary switches](#).

**Ext**

**F.R.**

**Alt**

**Dis**

**CB Fdb**

**Not used** (for the possibility if none of the defined BI is assigned)

Default setting:

- BI1: Ext
- BI2: F.R.
- BI3: Alt
- BI4: CB Fdb

## ***f(RE)***

---

### **f(RE1-5)**

Function assigned to the appropriate relay output 1 to 5. For description, see chapter [Library of relay outputs](#).

CommTrpPer

!CommTrpPer

CommTrpImp

!CommTrpImp

CommSigImp

!CommSigImp

CommSigDel

!CommSigDel

U Sig

!U Sig

f Sig

!f Sig

LOM Sig

!LOM Sig

dU Sig

!dU Sig

Other Sig

!Other Sig

TrpEndImp

InternFail

BakTrpPer

BakTrpImp

Default setting:

- RE1: !CommTrpPer
- RE2: CommTrpImp
- RE3: BakTrpImp
- RE4: !InternFail
- RE5: TrpEndImp

# Library of binary switches

## ***Ext Trip***

---

Activation of this input causes immediate trip of the protection. The trip conditions are active throughout the activation of this input.

## ***Fault Reset***

---

Activation of this switch causes fault reset. The input has the same effect as pushing the button FltRes. If permanently activated, every 100ms an impulse to fault reset the unit is done internally.

## ***Alt Settings***

---

Activation of this switch causes immediate switching to the setting, done in the setpoint groups marked as „A.xx“. In case that the switchover comes in the moment when a delay of some of the protection stage is being count-down (the unit is about to trip), the timer setting is kept as before the switch. However, if the trip conditions change during the delay run (e.g. by changing the protection threshold), the trip is not performed.

## ***Disable***

---

Activation of this switch disables immediately all protective features of the unit. The switch may be used e.g. in case that the generator is not yet in parallel-to-mains operation, and so the mains parameters do not have to be evaluated. In this case, the unit does not trip on any fault conditions.

## ***CB Feedback***

---

Deactivation of this switch confirms opening of the circuit breaker after a trip is issued by MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup>. If the feedback does not confirm opening of the CB, additional back-up trip [BaktrpPer](#) or [BakTrImp](#) will be issued after adjustable time delay [Bak Trp Del](#).

# Library of relay outputs

The standard logic of MainsPro corresponds to the standard of protective relays and offers an option to set the logic of the relay outputs. For safety reasons there are available full set of outputs marked with an exclamation mark “!”, which remain energized in fault-free state and in case of power supply failure, the unit goes to “fault” indication position - the output relay deactivates. MainsPro also allows setting the output relays to normal logic, so the outputs maintain de-energized in fault-free state and in case of a trip, the relays energize.

## ***CommTrpPer***

---

Common trip permanent relay; closes at any failure with delay given by appropriate parameter. Relay is in fault-free state kept in open position and closes immediately in case of LOM protection (Vector shift or ROCOF), External trip, incorrect phase rotation or wrong phase polarity. Relay opens in fault free state after successful fault reset. In case of LOM protection, the delay [LOM: LOM Trip Del](#) is timed out and after this time it is possible to perform Fault reset.

## ***!CommTrpPer***

---

Inverse common trip permanent relay; opens at any failure with delay given by appropriate parameter. Relay opens immediately in case of LOM protection (Vector shift or ROCOF), External trip, incorrect phase rotation or wrong phase polarity. Relay closes in fault free state after a successful fault reset. In

case of LOM protection, the delay [LOM: LOM Trip Del](#) is timed out and after this time it is possible to perform Fault reset.

## ***CommTrplmp***

---

Common trip impulse relay; closes at any failure with delay given by appropriate parameter. Relay is in fault-free state kept in open position and closes immediately in case of LOM protection (Vector shift or ROCOF), External trip, incorrect phase rotation or wrong phase polarity. Relay opens after [Basic: Imp Len](#) has timed out, his opening however does not mean end of trip state! Trip is terminated in fault free state after a successful fault reset. In case of LOM protection, the delay [LOM: LOM Trip Del](#) is timed out and after this time it is possible to perform Fault reset. During trip status, the relay does not react on any new failure.

## ***!CommTrplmp***

---

Inverse common trip impulse relay; opens at any failure with delay given by appropriate parameter. Relay opens immediately in case of LOM protection (Vector shift or ROCOF), External trip, incorrect phase rotation or wrong phase polarity. Relay closes after [Basic: Imp Len](#) has timed out, his closing however does not mean end of trip state! Trip is terminated in fault free state after a successful fault reset. In case of LOM protection, the delay [LOM: LOM Trip Del](#) is timed out and after this time it is possible to perform Fault reset. During trip status, the relay does not react on any new failure.

## ***CommSigImp***

---

Inverse immediate impulse signalling relay; closes immediately at any failure. Relay opens after [Basic: Imp Len](#) since its closing. Any other detected fault-state during run of this timer has no effect. Fault reset has no influence on this output.

## ***!CommSigImp***

---

Immediate impulse signalling relay; opens immediately at any failure. Relay closes after [Basic: Imp Len](#) since its opening. Any other detected fault-state during run of this timer has no effect. Fault reset has no influence on this output.

## ***CommSigDel***

---

Impulse signalling relay delayed; closes at any failure with delay given by appropriate parameter. Relay closes immediately in case of LOM protection (Vector shift or ROCOF), External trip, incorrect phase rotation or wrong phase polarity. Relay opens after [Basic: Imp Len](#) since its closing. Any other detected fault-state during run of this timer causes a new activation of this relay or extends timing of [Basic: Imp Len](#) by the new impulse length from the moment of the failure detection. Fault reset has no influence on this output

## ***!CommSigDel***

---

Inverse impulse signalling relay delayed; opens at any failure with delay given by appropriate parameter. Relay opens immediately in case of LOM protection (Vector shift or ROCOF), External trip, incorrect phase rotation or wrong phase polarity. Relay closes after [Basic: Imp Len](#) since its opening. Any other detected fault-state during run of this timer causes a new activation of this relay or extends timing of [Basic: Imp Len](#) by the new impulse length from the moment of the failure detection. Fault reset has no influence on this output

## ***U Sig***

---

Immediate signalling relay – voltage; closes immediately in case of voltage failure (over or under voltage). Relay opens in case that all parameters are back within limits, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is closed during trip activation, it opens no sooner than

Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any voltage protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

### ***!U Sig***

---

Inverse immediate signalling relay – voltage; opens immediately in case of voltage failure (over or under voltage). Relay closes in case that all parameters are back within limits, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is open during trip activation, it closes no sooner than Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any voltage protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

### ***f Sig***

---

Immediate signalling relay – frequency; closes immediately in case of frequency failure (over or under frequency). Relay opens in case that all parameters are back within limits, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is closed during trip activation, it opens no sooner than Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any frequency protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

### ***!f Sig***

---

Inverse immediate signalling relay – frequency; opens immediately in case of frequency failure (over or under frequency). Relay closes in case that all parameters are back within limits, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is open during trip activation, it closes no sooner than Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any frequency protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

### ***LOM Sig***

---

Immediate signalling relay – loss of mains; closes immediately in case of loss of mains failure (Vector shift or ROCOF). Relay opens after [LOM: LOM Trip Del](#) since the last LOM protection activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any LOM protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

### ***!LOM Sig***

---

Inverse immediate signalling relay – loss of mains; opens immediately in case of loss of mains failure (Vector shift or ROCOF). Relay closes after [LOM: LOM Trip Del](#) since the last LOM protection activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any LOM protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

### ***dU Sig***

---

Immediate signaling relay – asymmetry; closes immediately in case of voltage (amplitude) unbalance, positive sequence undervoltage, negative sequence overvoltage, or failure (over or under frequency). Relay opens in case that all three evaluation methods of voltage asymmetry are in fail-free state, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is closed during trip activation, it opens no sooner than Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any asymmetry protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

## ***!dU Sig***

---

Inverse immediate signaling relay – asymmetry; opens immediately in case of voltage (amplitude) unbalance, positive sequence undervoltage, negative sequence overvoltage, or failure (over or under frequency). Relay closes in case that all three methods of voltage asymmetry are in fail-free state, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is open during trip activation, it closes no sooner than Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output. If any asymmetry protection is disabled by setpoint (limit set to 0), the output does not signal activation of this protection stage.

## ***Other Sig***

---

Immediate signaling relay – other failures; closes immediately in case of incorrect phase rotation, wrong polarity of one phase or External trip. Relay opens in case that all observed failures are not active, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is closed during trip activation, it opens no sooner than Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output.

## ***!Other Sig***

---

Inverse immediate signaling relay – other failures; opens immediately in case of incorrect phase rotation, wrong polarity of one phase or External trip. Relay closes in case that all observed failures are not active, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is open during trip activation, it closes no sooner than Basic: Imp Len since trip status activation. Fault reset has no influence on this output.

## ***TrpEndImp***

---

Impulse at the end of the TRIP state. The output is normally activated during operation of the unit. The output deactivates at the end of the [TRIP state](#) (i.e. after successful [Fault Reset](#) is performed) for period given by the parameter [Imp Len](#).

In case of subsequent trip in the moment of the output deactivation, the countdown of the Imp Len delay is not interrupted and the output stays deactivated for the complete Imp Len period. If in that period the TRIP state is terminated again, the deactivation period is prolonged to Imp Len from the latest Fault Reset. If during TRIP state the unit is disabled by the input [Disable](#), the output TrpEndImp is deactivated, same as in case of a successful Fault reset.

The output can generally be used for closing the circuit breaker by the ON coil.

## ***!TrpEndImp***

---

Inverse impulse at the end of the TRIP state. The output is normally deactivated during operation of the unit. The output activates at the end of the [TRIP state](#) (i.e. after successful [Fault Reset](#) is performed) for period given by the parameter [Imp Len](#).

In case of subsequent trip in the moment of the output activation, the countdown of the Imp Len delay is not interrupted and the output stays activated for the complete Imp Len period. If in that period the TRIP state is terminated again, the activation period is prolonged to Imp Len from the latest Fault Reset. If during TRIP state the unit is disabled by the input [Disable](#), the output TrpEndImp is activated, same as in case of a successful Fault reset.

The output can generally be used for closing the circuit breaker by the ON coil.

## ***InternFail***

---

Immediate signaling relay – internal failures; closes immediately in case of internal software failure, including watchdog activation. Relay opens in case that all observed failures are not active, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is closed during trip activation, it opens no sooner than Basic: Imp Len time is up. Fault reset, performed either by pressing the Fault reset button or through binary input, has no influence on this output.

## ***!InternFail***

---

Inverse immediate signaling relay – internal failures; opens immediately in case of internal software failure, including watchdog activation. Relay closes in case that all observed failures are not active, but no sooner than after [Basic: Imp Len](#) from its activation. If the relay is open during trip activation, it closes no sooner than Basic: Imp Len time is up. Fault reset, performed either by pressing the Fault reset button or through binary input, has no influence on this output.

## ***BakTrpPer***

---

Backup trip permanent relay; closes if any of the [CommTrpPer](#) or [CommTrplmp](#) is activated and CB Feedback doesn't deactivate within [Bak Trp Del](#). Resets by successful fault reset or if the CB Feedback deactivates before the countdown stops.

If the CB Feedback input or Bak Trp output are not configured on any physical input or output, this function is blocked.

## ***!BakTrpPer***

---

Inverse backup trip permanent relay; opens if any of the [CommTrpPer](#) or [CommTrplmp](#) is activated and CB Feedback doesn't deactivate within [Bak Trp Del](#). Resets by successful fault reset or if the CB Feedback deactivates before the countdown stops.

If the CB Feedback input or Bak Trp output are not configured on any physical input or output, this function is blocked.

## ***BakTrplmp***

---

Backup trip impulse relay; closes immediately if any of the [CommTrpPer](#) or [CommTrplmp](#) is activated and CB Feedback doesn't deactivate within [Bak Trp Del](#). The length of the impulse can be adjusted in [Basic: Imp Len](#). Opening of the relay does not mean end of trip state. The trip is terminated in fault free state after a successful fault reset. During trip status, the relay does not react on any new failure and also, if the CB Feedback input or Bak Trp output are not configured on any physical input or output, this function is blocked.

## ***!BakTrplmp***

---

Inverse backup trip impulse relay; opens immediately if any of the [CommTrpPer](#) or [CommTrplmp](#) is activated and CB Feedback doesn't deactivate within [Bak Trp Del](#). The length of the impulse can be adjusted in [Basic: Imp Len](#). Closing of the relay does not mean end of trip state. The trip is terminated in fault free state after a successful fault reset. During trip status, the relay does not react on any new failure and also, if the CB Feedback input or Bak Trp output are not configured on any physical input or output, this function is blocked.

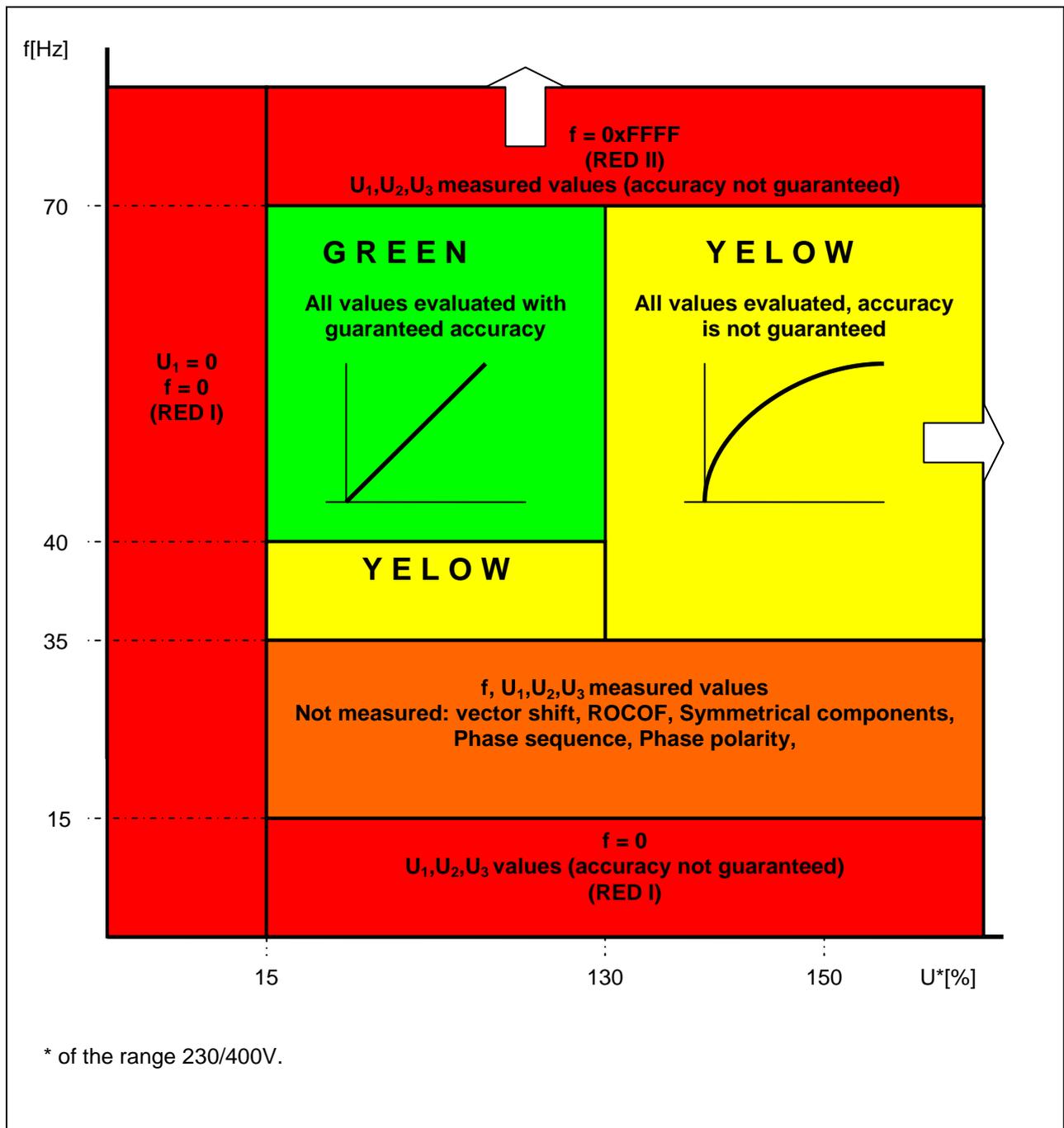
# Technical data

## ***Accuracies and reaction times***

---

### **Operating area**

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides the below mentioned accuracies and reaction times in case that the measured voltage on all 3 phases is within the green area on the picture below. Outside of the green area, MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> provides the expected performance (i.e. trips in case of voltage overreaching the green area border), but the behaviour, accuracies and reaction times may not be guaranteed.



**Note:**

Please note, that in order to fulfil the requested accuracies of the unit, it is necessary that the voltage is always present at the terminals  $V_A$  with the same frequency as on the other terminals. If this is not fulfilled, even if the voltages on the measurement inputs  $U_B$  and  $U_C$  are within green area, they will not be evaluated accurately!

**Voltage measurement**

- Voltage measurement accuracy is 1% of the nominal value at frequency 50 Hz  $\pm$  10% and temperature 25°C.
- The accuracy is 1,5% within the complete temperature range and in the green operational area. See the [Operating area](#).
- Maximum reaction time for voltage failures (in case of the delay set to 0,00 s) is 2 periods of measured voltage + 15 ms. This is valid at nominal frequencies 50 Hz  $\pm$  10% and 60 Hz  $\pm$  10%.

## Frequency measurement

- Frequency measurement is 0,1 Hz in the complete green operating area.
- Maximum reaction time for frequency failures (in case of the delay set to 0,00 s) is 75 ms. This is valid in complete green operating area.

## Time delays accuracy

- The unit allows to set the time delays with step 10 ms.
- The maximum tolerance of the unit timing is  $\leq 3\% \pm 15\text{ms}$ .

## Technical parameters

Power supply:	
8 - 40 V ===	Maximum consumption 600 mA <b>Not galvanically separated from power supply 85 - 265 VAC!</b>
85 - 265 V/45-65 Hz, 110 - 370 V ===	Maximum consumption 90 mA
Operating temperature range	-20°C to +70°C
Dimensions	158 x 96 x 68 mm
Protection	IP20
Rated voltage	230 V ph-n / 400 V ph-ph
Maximal voltage range	Rated + 30%
Rated frequency of measured voltage	50 Hz, 60 Hz (indicated accuracy is guaranteed on frequency range 40-70 Hz)
Measurement input impedance:	400 k $\Omega$
Signal relay contacts:	
Max switched voltage/current	250 V / 4A

Max switched power	resistive load: 1000 VA AC, 200 W DC inductive load: 50 VA AC, 25 W DC
Rated voltage/current	resistive load: 250 V / 4 A AC 200 V / 0,1 A DC, 24 V / 4A DC inductive load: 250 V / 2 A AC 200 V / 0,1 A DC, 24 V 3A DC
Minimum load	1 W / 1VA at $U_{min} > 10 V$
Lifetime	$1 \times 10^9$ cycles
Terminal tightening torque	0,4 Nm
Measurement category	III (EN 61010-1)
Appliance class	II, double insulation $\square$ , the device has no protective earthing terminal (IEC 61140)
Recommended fuse of the unit power supply and measurement circuits	fuse 1A
Intended use according to UL508 standard	MainsPro <sup>LITE</sup> is intended for use with switchgear and associated equipment as per the category for Protective relays – NRGU

The unit is intended for use on a DIN rail inside a switchboard with prevention of access of non-qualified personnel. In case of access of non-qualified personnel, it is necessary to cover the terminals by means corresponding to the environment of the unit operation. It is possible to make the user interface accessible to the operation staff.

### Endurance to the power supply voltage fails

MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit withstands the power supply voltages failures of 100 ms lengths in the full range of power supply voltage on the 85 - 265 VAC / 110 - 370 VDC terminals and at the voltage .18 - 40 VDC connected to the 8 - 40 VDC terminals. The construction of the power supply allows that the unit withstands the voltage drop down to min 40 VAC in case that the unit was started from the AC voltage within the allowed range 85 - 265 VAC. Such a drop of the voltage for unlimited time does not influence the unit operation.

## Statement of the factory default setting of MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> unit

#### NOTE:

The following default setting is available from version 1.4. For older versions, different factory default setting was applied.

Setting	Setpoint group	Setpoint name	Value	Step	Unit
<b>Overvoltage limit 1<sup>*)</sup></b>	V<>	V>	460	1	[V]
Overvoltage delay 1	V<>	V> Del	0,20	0,01	[s]
<b>Overvoltage limit 2</b>	V<>	V>>	0 (OFF)	1	[V]
Overvoltage delay 2	V<>	V>> Del	2,50	0,01	[s]
<b>Undervoltage limit 1<sup>*)</sup></b>	V<>	V<	340	1	[V]
Undervoltage delay 1	V<>	V< Del	0,40	0,01	[s]
<b>Undervoltage limit 2</b>	V<>	V<<	160	1	[V]
Undervoltage delay 2	V<>	V<< Del	0,20	0,01	[s]
<b>10 minutes floating average overvoltage*</b>	V<>	Avg V>	440	1	[V]
<b>Voltage asymmetry limit</b>	dU	V unb	0 (OFF)	1	[V]

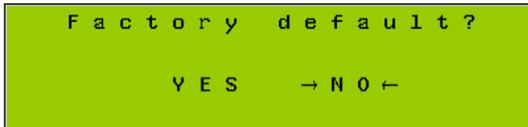
Setting	Setpoint group	Setpoint name	Value	Step	Unit
Common delay of all voltage asymmetry protections	dU	dU Del	2,50	0,01	[s]
<b>Overfrequency limit 1</b>	f<>	f>	51,5	0,1	[Hz]
Overfrequency delay 1	f<>	f> Del	1,00	0,01	[s]
<b>Overfrequency limit 2</b>	f<>	f>>	0 (OFF)	0,1	[Hz]
Overfrequency delay 2	f<>	f>> Del	0,10	0,01	[s]
<b>Underfrequency limit 1</b>	f<>	f<	47,5	0,1	[Hz]
Underfrequency delay 1	f<>	f< Del	4,00	0,01	[s]
<b>Underfrequency limit 2</b>	f<>	f<<	0 (OFF)	0,1	[Hz]
Underfrequency delay 2	f<>	f<< Del	0,10	0,01	[s]
Measured system	Basic	System	3ph	-	-
Display timeout	Basic	DispT	0	1	[min]
Automatic Fault Reset enabling	Basic	Auto FR	ENABLED	-	-
Automatic Fault Reset timer	Basic	Auto FR Del	0	1	[s]
TRIP at the unit startup	Basic	Start Trip	DISABLED	-	-
Common impulse length	Basic	Imp Len	3	1	[s]
Enabling the external trip binary switch	Basic	Ext	ENABLED	-	-
Enabling the fault Reset binary switch	Basic	F.R.	DISABLED	-	-
Enabling the Alt settings binary switch	Basic	Alt	ENABLED	-	-
Enabling the blocking binary switch	Basic	Dis	DISABLED	-	-
Function of 1 <sup>st</sup> relay output	f(RE)	f(RE1)	!CommTrpPer	-	-
Function of 2 <sup>nd</sup> relay output	f(RE)	f(RE2)	CommTrpImp	-	-
Function of 3 <sup>rd</sup> relay output	f(RE)	f(RE3)	BakTrpImp	-	-
Function of 4 <sup>th</sup> relay output	f(RE)	f(RE4)	!InternFail	-	-
Function of 5 <sup>th</sup> relay output	f(RE)	f(RE5)	TrpEndImp	-	-

**\*) Note:**

Please note, that the indicated setting is adjusted for "Star" connection of the measured voltage, i.e. ph-to-N voltage measurement. In case of using "Delta" connection, the appropriate change of the setpoints is necessary. Please refer to the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> Installation and Operation Guide for the wiring explanation and to the MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> Reference Guide for information about the setpoints adjustment.

ComAp states that the mentioned setting is guaranteed for all MainsPro<sup>LITE</sup> units, upon shipment of a new unit, if no other setting is explicitly requested. In case of need, the factory default settings can be provided by the following procedure:

1. Enter the init screen, by pushing the  and  at the same time.
2. Press  and  to enter the Factory default activation screen:



3. Using  and  do your selection. By selecting YES, you will return all previously done setting to the default values. **Please note that by this selection, you will loose all setting done prior to this operation!** Press  to confirm your selection.
4. By selecting NO and pressing  or by pressing , return to the measurement screens with no change.